1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	
2		PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION	
3			
4	March 20, 201 Concord, New	18 - 10:09 a.m. 4 APR 18 244:23	
5	Concord, New	nampshire	
6	DF.	DE 18-023	
7	KE.	EVERSOURCE ENERGY: Petition for Adjustment to Stranded	
8		Cost Recovery Charge.	
9	PRESENT:	Chairman Martin P. Honigberg, Presiding	
10	PRESERT.	Commissioner Kathryn M. Bailey Commissioner Michael S. Giaimo	
11		Commissioner menaci s. Graimo	
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk	
13			
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Eversource Energy: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.	
15		Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:	
16		D. Maurice Kreis, Esq., Consumer Adv. James Brennan, Finance Director	
17		Office of Consumer Advocate	
18		Reptg. PUC Staff: Suzanne G. Amidon, Esq.	
19		Richard Chagnon, Electric Division	
20			
21			
22			
23	Court Repo	rter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52	
24	* × *		



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1 PROCEEDING

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: We're here this morning in Docket 18-023, which is Eversource's petition to adjust the rates associated with its Stranded Cost Recovery Charge. They made a filing, followed it up with a technical statement, which we'll hear about today no doubt.

Before we do anything else, let's take appearances.

MR. FOSSUM: Good morning,

Commissioners. Matthew Fossum, here for Public

Service Company of New Hampshire, doing

business as Eversource Energy.

MR. KREIS: Good morning, Mr.

Chairman, Commissioners. I'm D. Maurice Kreis,
the Consumer Advocate, doing business as Don

Kreis. I am here representing the residential
utility customers of Eversource. The
distinguished gentleman to my left is Mr. James

Brennan, our Director of Finance.

MS. AMIDON: Good morning. Suzanne
Amidon, for Commission Staff. And with me
today is Rich Chagnon, an Analyst with the

1 Electric Division.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: So, how are we going to proceed this morning?

MR. FOSSUM: The Company has one witness to present, and we'll do so. And we've also premarked for identification a series of exhibits that I just wanted to identify for the Commissioners before we began with testimony.

So, and we will be going through them all, but premarked for identification thus far are the Company's February 16th filing as "Exhibit 1"; and the Company's March 14th filing premarked as "Exhibit 2"; premarked as "Exhibit 3" is what is referred to generally as the "bingo sheet" exhibit, it is a three-page exhibit, but I apologize there's no numbers on the pages.

And then a series of discovery responses have been premarked, which I'll just identify for numbering purposes: Premarked as "Exhibit 4" is the response to Staff Question 1-002; premarked as "Exhibit 5" is the response to Staff Question 1-003; premarked as "Exhibit

```
6" is the response to Staff Question 1-006, the
 1
 2
         supplemental. So, in the header, it actually
         has "1-006-SP01".
 3
                    Premarked as "Exhibit 7" is the
 4
 5
         response to Staff Question 1-009; and finally,
         premarked for identification as "Exhibit 6" --
 6
 7
         or, I'm sorry, as "Exhibit 8" is the response
         to Staff Question 1-010, also supplemental.
 8
 9
                         (The documents, as described,
10
                         were herewith marked as
                         Exhibit 1 through Exhibit 8,
11
12
                         respectively, for
                         identification.)
13
14
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Anything else
15
         then, before Mr. Goulding moves to the witness
16
         stand?
17
                         [No verbal response.]
18
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
19
         Mr. Goulding, why don't you move along.
20
                         (Whereupon Christopher J.
21
                         Goulding was duly sworn by the
22
                         Court Reporter.)
23
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.
24
                    MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
```

CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN 1 DIRECT EXAMINATION 2 BY MR. FOSSUM: 3 Mr. Goulding, could you please state your name, 4 your position, and your responsibilities for 5 6 the record. 7 Yes. My name is Christopher Goulding. I'm the Α 8 Manager of New Hampshire Revenue Requirements 9 for Eversource. My responsibilities include 10 revenue requirement calculations and implementation of those calculations, and 11 12 derive rates associated with the distribution 13 rates, Energy Service rates, Stranded Cost 14 Recovery Charge rates, and the TCAM. 15 And just for clarity, that includes the -- you Q 16 mentioned the "Stranded Cost Recovery Charge 17 rate", that's the rate that's the subject of 18 this hearing this morning? 19 Α Yes. 20 Now, Mr. Goulding, back on February 16th, did 21 you submit prefiled testimony and exhibits in 22 what has been premarked for identification as 23 "Exhibit 1"? 24 Α Yes, I have.

8

- 1 Q And was that testimony and those exhibits, were
- 2 those prepared by you or at your direction?
- 3 A Yes, it was.
- 4 Q And do you have any changes or updates to that
- 5 information this morning?
- 6 A No, I do not.
- 7 Q And do you adopt that testimony and that
- 8 information as your sworn testimony for this
- 9 proceeding?
- 10 A Yes, I do.
- 11 Q Likewise, on March 14th, did you, Mr. Goulding,
- submit a technical statement and exhibits in
- what has been premarked for identification as
- 14 "Exhibit 2"?
- 15 A Yes.
- 16 Q And was that information -- was that all
- 17 | prepared by you or at your direction?
- 18 A Yes, it was.
- 19 Q And do you have any changes or updates or
- 20 corrections to that?
- 21 A No, I do not.
- 22 Q And do you adopt that as your sworn testimony
- for this proceeding?
- 24 A Yes.

```
1
                   MR. FOSSUM: A tad unorthodox, we're
         going to skip over Exhibit 3 for right now, and
 2
 3
         I'm actually going to turn it over to the Staff
         to cover the discovery responses that have been
 4
         premarked for a few questions, before returning
 5
 6
         for finishing the is direct.
 7
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon.
                   MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Good
 8
9
         morning, Mr. Goulding.
10
                   WITNESS GOULDING: Good morning.
                      CROSS-EXAMINATION
11
12
    BY MS. AMIDON:
13
         We have proposed to mark for identification
14
         "Exhibit 4", which is a response to
15
         Staff-002 [1-002?], and the witness on that is
16
         you, Mr. Goulding. So, is this an accurate
17
         copy of that response?
18
    Α
         Yes, it is.
19
         Thank you. Moving along to Staff 1-003, again,
    Q
20
         this is a response to a data request, and the
21
         response was prepared by you. Is this an
22
         accurate representation of your response as
23
         prepared by you?
24
         Yes, it is.
    Α
```

10

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Q
         Thank you. Now, we're going to Staff 1-006,
 2
         which is the updated or supplemental response
 3
         prepared for Staff 006, and the witness is also
 4
         identified as you. Is this the response that
 5
         you provided to update the initial response?
 6
         Yes, it is.
    Α
 7
         Thank you. Now, the next one that we propose
 8
         to introduce or mark for identification is
9
         Staff 1-009, and the witness there is
10
         "Frederick White". Is this the response that
11
         the Company provided to that question?
12
         Yes, it was.
    Α
         And although you aren't the witness on this,
13
14
         are you familiar with the issues that are
15
         discussed in the response to this question?
16
    Α
         Yes.
17
         Thank you. And, finally, Mr. Goulding, if
18
         you could look at the response to
19
         Staff-010 [1-010?], it is -- again, you're the
20
         witness, and this is an updated response that
         you prepared in response to that question. Is
21
22
         this -- do you recognize this as an accurate
23
         response to your updated response to this
24
         question?
```

```
1
    Α
         Yes, I do.
 2
                   MS. AMIDON:
                                 Okay.
                                        Thank you.
 3
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum, you
 4
         picking it up again?
                                 I am. And I'll just
 5
                   MR. FOSSUM:
         offer for the record that Mr. Goulding -- that
 6
 7
         entering these exhibits in this way was helpful
         for both the Company and hopefully for the
 8
9
         Staff, the OCA, and the Commissioners as well.
10
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
11
         Mr. Goulding, just at an incredibly high level,
12
         could you just explain what it is that the
13
         Company is requesting through this filing.
14
               So, we're requesting a change in the SCRC
15
         rates effective April 1st. Kind of the biggest
16
         change that's going on is currently we have one
17
         average SCRC rate that's applied
18
         equi-proportionally against the current rates
19
         for all different rate classes. But with these
20
         current rates effective April 1st, we're
         implementing the Settlement Agreement in
21
22
         14-238, which has specific allocations of the
23
         revenue requirements to the different rate
24
         classes, as well as new costs being included in
```

1 the SCRC going forward. And some of those new 2 costs are related to the Burgess PPA, the 3 Lempster PPA, which were previously recovered 4 through the Energy Service rates, and then the 5 non-scrubber forecasted under recovery 6 associated with Energy Service. A decision was 7 made in Docket DE 17-113 to kind of start fresh with that docket for Energy Service purposes, 8 and move the over/under recovery into the 9 10 Stranded Cost Recovery Charge for recovery. 11 Thank you. Now, Mr. Goulding, had the Company 0 12 met with the Staff and the OCA with respect to 13 this filing in advance of this hearing? 14 Yes, we did. 15 And in that meeting, did you understand there 16 were some concerns about some understandings 17 relative to this filing? 18 Α Yes, there was. And we believe that, based on 19 the exhibits that were entered, we can kind of 20 sort through some of the confusion and clarify some information that's in the filing. 21 22 Then, I guess I will, in a very open-ended way, 23 ask, Mr. Goulding, could you please explain 24 then in some detail then what exactly is

included in this filing, and referencing the exhibits as appropriate?

A Sure. So, in short, we understand that there was some confusion about the various items included in the calculation of the SCRC and where they came from, and how they were translated into rates.

The SCRC will be made up of two groups of costs going forward: Part 1 costs and Part 2 costs. So, I plan on walking through the calculation of the Part 1 cost, and then moving onto the Part 2 cost. And historically, years ago, we did have Part 1 costs. Although, those ended, I believe, sometime in 2011 or '12. So, it was just Part 2 costs that were historically in the SCRC filing the past few years. But now we're reintroducing Part 1 costs as a result of the RRBs being issued.

So, starting with the Part 1 costs, these are the securitized costs, meaning that these are the costs that will be recovered by the Rate Reduction Bonds when they're issued. And those Rate Reduction Bonds were approved in Docket Number DE 17-096. In that docket, we

used three estimates of potential costs to determine the range of potential securitized costs: A Low, Mid, and High Case. And those were all explained in the testimony of Eric Chung in the November 13, 2017 testimony.

In this filing, we used the Mid Case from DE 17-096 as the total amount that was assumed to be securitized on April 1st.

So, if you turn to Exhibit 4, this is a response -- or, a question that was asked by Staff to clarify what the Mid Case was. So, the Mid Case estimate was that we're going to securitize \$638.6 million.

Then, turning to Exhibit 5, this is a response to Staff asking what was in that \$638.6 million. Page 1 of the attachment, this was from a discovery response -- actually, it was from the testimony of Eric, or Mr. Chung. And it has a Low, Mid, and High Case.

So, what I wanted to point out is that we did choose to use the Mid Case. And that Mid Case assumed that the procedures associated with the hydro sale are included in the amount to be securitized, meaning the net proceedings

are reducing the amount to be securitized.

So, while some of the assumptions leading to the various estimates have changed over time, some up, some down, compared to the Mid Case, we do still believe that it's a reasonable estimate of what would be securitized come securitization. Therefore, I believe it is the appropriate number to use for this rate-setting docket.

All right. So, now, if we turn to Exhibit 6, this is a discovery response asked by Staff. It asks for a clarification on what the estimate of the costs of the RRBs were and the underlying work papers. So, it provides kind of the issuance amount, the issuance date assumptions, and some other sales assumptions.

If we turn to the attachment itself, this takes the total amount of \$638.6 million just discussed in Exhibit 5, that you see on -- you see it on Line 1, and calculates how much interest, estimated principal, and fees will be due on February 1st, 2019, and allocates it out to the various customer classes to show the charge to customers for the -- the charge to

the individual customers for the RRBs in the first year.

So, just walking through a couple of the calculations, hopefully it's not -- doesn't go too into the weeds. To calculate the total amount due on February 1st, the Line 3 amount of 32.47 million, you have to take the assumed issuance amount of 638.6 million on Line 1, and divide it by 177 months, which is derived by taking 14 years, times 12, plus 9 months, which is how long the RRBs will be outstanding for, assuming a May 1st issuance.

So, nine months is the number of months the bonds are outstanding in the issuance year, assuming a May 1st issuance, and the first principal payment to be made on February 1st.

This gives you a monthly principal amount of \$3.6 million, which you then multiply by nine, the number of months the bonds are outstanding in the initial year, until they're due on February 1st. And this gives you a \$32.47 million that you see on Line 3.

For the interest estimate on Line 4, of

13.5 million, a similar calculation was done in

terms of prorating the annual interest due on February 1st by 9/12th, the number of months between issuance and the first payment date.

For the "Ongoing Cost" estimate on Line 2, of "\$475,727", a similar calculation was done in terms of prorating the annual ongoing amount cost estimate on February 1st by 9/12th again.

So, adding the principal, interest, and fees up on Line 2, 3, and 4, you get to Line 5, which is the total amount due on February 1st of \$46.4 million. Which we then have to allocate out to each rate class in order to calculate the average RRB charges for each rate class.

So, if we're looking at "Rate R" on
Line 6, consistent with the Settlement
Agreement in 14-238, their allocation is
48.75 percent of the estimated amount due on
February 1st, which translates into
\$22.6 million.

We then divide the allocated amount on
Line 8 by the total adjusted sales on Line 11,
to arrive at the average Rate R RRB charge that
you see calculated on Line 10, of "1.285 cents

```
1
         per kilowatt-hour".
              And then a similar calculation was
 2
 3
         performed for the other four rate classes:
         Rate G, GV, LG, and Rate OL. All with the
 4
 5
         predetermined allocations that were described
         in Docket Number 14-238.
 6
 7
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Before you go
         on, Mr. Goulding, I have a really stupid
 8
9
         question for you on the sheet you were just
10
         discussing.
11
    BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
12
         Looking at just the layout of the columns, the
13
         number on Line 7, the "48.75 percent", it's
14
         just an artifact, an oddness, that it is in the
15
         column that it's in, rather than the column
16
         that the other percents are listed, Line 12,
17
         Line 19, and Line 26?
18
    Α
         Yes. It's centered, instead of off to the
19
         right.
20
         And, so, the way the calculations were done,
21
         this is a spreadsheet with formulas in it,
22
         right?
23
         Yes.
    Α
24
         It is keyed correctly, so that the formula is
```

```
1
         in the right place, it's just the layout
 2
         changed?
 3
    Α
         Yes.
 4
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you.
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
 5
         All right. Well, now, if we turn to Exhibit 2,
 6
 7
         this is how it ties back into the filing
         itself. Bates Page 006 -- actually, take that
 8
9
         back, excuse me. So, I think Bates Page 004.
10
         And if you take a look at Line Number 2, you'll
11
         see the "Rate R RRB charge", and the Rate R RRB
12
         charge is "1.285 cents", which is the same rate
13
         that was calculated on Exhibit Number 6. And
14
         if you look down on Line 6, Line 10, Line 14,
15
         Line 18, you'll see those rates all match up
16
         with the rates that were calculated in
17
         Attachment 6.
18
              So, that's how the RRB charges related to
19
         the securitized costs are translated and
20
         included in the Part 1 portion of the SCRC.
21
         So, then we take those rates and multiply them
22
         by sales to get back to the total dollars that
23
         need to be recovered.
```

{DE 18-023} {03-20-18}

Okay. So, that brings us to the Part 2

24

cost, which is made up of the non-securitized cost. Again, in Exhibit 2, if we turn to Bates Page 006 now, I'll go through the individual lines and just discuss a little bit about each one. Some are old costs that have always been there, so they're -- you're familiar with them, but some are new.

Line 2, consistent with our prior SCRC filings, we have the ongoing costs associated with the IPP buydown and buyout savings. Line 4 through 6, these are the IPPs. The SCRC had previously contained just the above-market cost of energy and capacity from the purchases from these generators. And the market cost and below market benefit of the IPPs was included in the Energy Service rates. Effective with our transition to the new Energy Service rates, in the settlements in 14-238/17-113, on April 1st, all costs and benefits associated with the IPPs are to be included in the SCRC rates.

And the newer costs that have not been in the SCRC historically, but now are, they used to be in the Energy Service rates, we have

Line 7 through 14. These are the -- the lines contain the costs and revenues associated with the Burgess and Lempster PPAs.

For the Burgess contract, Line 8 contains the total estimated cost of the contract for energy, capacity, and RECs. And then Line 9 contains the total estimated market revenues from selling the energy, capacity, and RECs into the market. This leaves Line 10, which is the net cost of the Burgess PPA that's to be recovered via the SCRC as Part 2 cost.

And then a similar calculation was done for Lempster PPA on Line 14 through -- Line 11 through 14.

All right. That brings us to Line 15. This is the non-scrubber energy service recovery amount of \$25.5 million.

So, now, if we turn to Exhibit 8, just give a little color on what that amount is, and where the calculation came from. So, this was a discovery response asked by Staff, looking for some detail on supporting estimates and actual information that rolled into that under recovery amount. So, if we turn to the

1 attachment, Page 1, which is the second page, if you look down at Line 23, there's 2 "\$25.785 million". That's the actual 3 4 non-scrubber energy service under recovery at 5 the end of 2017. So, then we go down to 6 Line 29. So, at the end of January, there's 7 "\$17.33 million" under recovered for Energy Service. And then, February, that increases by 8 9 7 million. So, now it's up to \$25 million 10 under recovered. And then, in March, it gets 11 over recovered by \$5 million. So, the new net is \$20 million. And then, April, it's 12 13 estimated to go up \$3.7 million. To arrive at the total amount of "\$23.523 million". And 14 15 that's the amount that we see back in 16 Exhibit 2, on Line 15. And this amount is 17 being moved for recovery out of the ES rates 18 and into the SCRC rates at the time the ES 19 rates change as required by the Settlement in 20 Docket 17-113. And I know I've been making you flip back 21 22 and forth a lot. Hopefully, I'm winding that 23 down. 24 Going back to Exhibit 2, there are two

1 other lines with blanks for now. The "Other" 2 line will have costs added as they are 3 incurred. The costs like ongoing pension obligations for generation employees or 4 reconciliation of costs. When costs are added, 5 6 and there is recovery sought through the SCRC, 7 we'll clearly identify what they are. They won't just be called "other". They will be 8 9 listed in order to give a clear understanding 10 of what they are. But this was just a 11 placeholder for now, to say there's other costs that will come, flow through. There is no 12 13 dollars included at this time, because we don't 14 have an estimate of what those dollars will be. And then, if you look at Line 17, you have 15 16 the line that's called "PILOT", "Payment In 17 Lieu of" --18 [Court reporter interruption.] 19 CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS: 20 The "PILOT Payments", "Payment in Lieu of Property Taxes". Right now, it is blank. 21 22 as we are assessed tax stabilization payments 23 by the towns, we'll populate those dollar

24

amounts.

Okay. So, you have all those Part 2 costs. And then you have Line 19 to 22. So, adding up all the costs, along with the small amounts for return on decommissioning and return on SCRC deferred balance, gets your total Part 2 costs that we're seeking recovery of.

Now, in the same exhibit, if we turn back to Page 1. Bates Page 002, sorry. In the first column you have "Total Stranded Cost" of "Part 1" of \$54.1 million, "Part 2" of \$52.5 million, and the "Estimated over recovery" of 845,000, results in total Part 1 and Part 2 SCRC costs of "\$105.869 million".

And these costs are then allocated to the individual rate classes, based on the agreement in DE 14-238. Rate R receives 48.75 percent of the costs; Rate G, 25 percent; Rate GV, 20 percent; Rate LG, 5.75 percent; and Rate OL, 0.50 percent.

So, once those allocations are done, the total amounts for each, for Part 1 assigned to Rate R and Part 2 assigned to Rate R and over recovery assigned to Rate R, are added

April to January, resulting in the forecasted average SCRC rates. That average is then adjusted by the RGGI adjustor to arrive at a final average SCRC rate for the individual rate classes. I just want to highlight that those are averages and the actual allocation among customers is a little different, because it accounts for things like demand charges.

So, in the same Exhibit 2, Bates Page 008, if we turn there, we can see how these averages actually show up in rates for the individual customers and the different rate classes -- or, in the different rate classes.

Looking at "Residential Rate R", you have the SCRC rate of "1.980 cents", and then you have the RGGI refund -- or, RGGI adjustor, negative "00.105 cents" -- excuse me, "0.105 cents", to arrive at an SCRC rate of "1.875 cents" that a Residential Rate R customer will see on their bill.

And then, the rest of the rates are all down there for the different G, GV, and LG, and the different services that are taken under

[WITNESS: Goulding]

each rate. Okay.

BY MR. FOSSUM:

Q Thank you. Now, having gone through a series of calculations and inputs, Mr. Goulding, could you please explain, looking at Exhibit 2, Bates Page 001, down at the bottom, there's a paragraph that starts "The primary drivers", explaining the change in rates between the filing in Exhibit 1 and Exhibit 2. Could you please explain those primary drivers, what they are? How they changed?

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, Mr. Fossum, for asking this question.

MR. FOSSUM: I'll let Staff know that it was -- it came from them, it needs to be answered.

BY THE WITNESS:

A Yes. There was an increase in the actual and forecasted IPP and PPA costs, that's Burgess,

Lempster, and the IPPs, of \$1.86 million due to changes in actual and forecasted market assumptions.

The non-scrubber energy service under recovery discussed in Exhibit 8 has gone up

1 \$3.796 million, due to the assumption of the 2 issuance of the RRBs being moved from April 1st 3 to May 1st. 4 And these increases were offset by a 5 \$3.3 million decrease in the cost of the RRBs 6 themselves, principal, interest, and fees, from 7 being moved, from moving the assumed issuance date from April 1st to May 1st. 8 And higher actual revenues, compared to 9 10 what was forecasted, for the month of February 11 of \$284,000. 12 So, there was many moving parts, but the 13 net increase was relatively minor. 14 BY MR. FOSSUM: 15 Thank you, Mr. Goulding. Now, with that 16 understanding --17 MR. FOSSUM: Oh. 18 MS. AMIDON: I thought you had 19 indicated you wanted something. Sorry. 20 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: It might be helpful, Mr. Fossum, for Mr. Goulding to break 21 22 that up just a little bit more. I know -- I 23 sense what he just did or I think what he just 24 did was tie back what's on Bates 001 of

28

1 Exhibit 2 to some of the discussion he just went through in explaining numbers and entries 2 3 in other spreadsheets. I think it might be helpful to break 4 5 that paragraph on Page 1 down a little further 6 and just say "this first part ties back to X, 7 the second part ties back to Y, and has the following effects." 8 9 Do you understand what I'm asking or 10 suggesting? 11 MR. FOSSUM: I do. Are you asking 12 that as a record request or --13 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: No. I think if 14 you -- if or I could go through that with 15 Mr. Goulding sort of clause by clause, I think 16 it would be helpful. 17 MR. FOSSUM: So be it. 18 BY MR. FOSSUM: 19 Mr. Goulding, then, taking the description that 20 you just gave of the various pieces in that 21 paragraph, we'll go one-by-one. You note "an increase in the actual and forecasted PPA 22 23 costs". Could you explain where that shows up 24 in the schedules?

29

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Α
         Yes.
               So, if we look at Exhibit 2, on Bates
 2
         Page 006, the Line 6, Line 10, and Line 14
 3
         amount are higher by $1.86 million in the
         update filing than they were in the original
 4
 5
         filing. For example, the update filing has
 6
         above-market costs associated with the IPPs of
 7
         $9.893 million; and the preliminary filing had
         $9.268 million. For Burgess, the number was,
 8
9
         in the update filing, was $19.887 million of
10
         above-market costs associated with the
11
         contract; in the preliminary filing, it was
12
         18.757 million. And similarly, for Lempster,
13
         the update filing has above-market costs of
14
         $616,000; and, in the preliminary filing, it
15
         was $511,000.
16
              So, netting those all together, the change
17
         comes out to $1.86 million in higher costs.
18
         And that was, again, due to higher market --
19
         forecasted market prices.
20
         And, so, would that be a comparison of then
21
         CJG-1, Page 5, on Bates Page 014 of Exhibit 1,
22
         with CJG-1, Page 5, which is Bates Page 006 of
23
         Exhibit 2?
```

24

Α

Yes.

- Now, continuing on then, that paragraph also describes "higher forecasted non-scrubber energy service under recovery". Please explain where that may be found.
- A Yes. So, looking at Line 15, you'll see the amount of "23.523 million", on Bates Page 006 of Exhibit 2. And looking at Bates Page 014 of Exhibit 1, it was "19.727 million". So, the difference between those two numbers, the amounts, is \$3.796 million.

And if we turn back to Exhibit 8, I think it might be helpful just to identify kind of the key driver of that. It looks like a rather large increase, but there's a good response -- or, answer on what the change is due to.

So, looking at the second page of
Exhibit 8, in the original filing, we had
assumed the issuance date of the RRBs was on
April 1st. But, with the update filing, it was
moved to May 1st. So, the increase, if you
look at the April activity, you have return on
rate base, continuation of the scrubber
deferral, and return on ES deferral, gives you
total energy service cost of \$3.7 million, or a

1 total amount added to the under recovery of
2 \$3.7 million.

So, these were all items that were identified in the Settlement to be recovered, in the Settlement in DE 17-113. And again, where these costs continue, what happened was, there was a shift to the RRB issuance date that resulted in a lower amount to be recovered in the RRBs in year one. So, they almost offset each other. I think it was \$3.7 million versus \$3.33 million.

- Q Turning back then to the paragraph on Bates

 Page 001 of Exhibit 2, continuing with that,

 there's a note of an "offset of higher actual

 SCRC revenues in February compared to what was

 forecast". Could you please explain that.
- Yes. So, if we look at Exhibit 2, Bates Page 003, in Exhibit 1, Bates Page 011, in the month of February, in the preliminary filing, we had assumed \$925,000 of SCRC revenue. But, when we got the actual information from February, it ended up being \$1.2 million of SCRC revenues, for a difference of \$284,000.
- Q Thank you. There's one last item in the

32

[WITNESS: Goulding]

1 paragraph on Bates Page 001 of Exhibit 2, which 2 I think you just spoke to. But, just in case, 3 there's a note that "This increase was offset 4 by a decrease in the Part 1 forecasted cost 5 associated with the Rate Reduction Bonds". I 6 believe you just explained it. But, just to be 7 complete, could you please explain that. Sure. So, if we go to compare Exhibit 1, Bates 8 Α Page 012, versus Exhibit 2, Bates Page 004, on 9 10 Line 31, the total amount of "RRB Charge Remittances" --11 12 Do you mean "Line 21"? Q 13 Yes. Thank you. Line 21. For this forecast 14 period, was "\$57.5 million" in the preliminary 15 filing. But, in the update filing, due to the 16 issuance date being shifted, it's now 17 \$54.1 million, "\$54,170,000", for a difference 18 of \$3.332 million. 19 MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. Unless the 20 Chairman has additional clarifications needed there, I was going to move on at this point? 21 22 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you, 23 Mr. Fossum. Move on. Thank you. 24 MR. FOSSUM:

BY MR. FOSSUM:

Q Now, Mr. Goulding, after that explanation of all of the calculations of the ups and downs and things, how they have shaken out, I'd like to understand what this means for rates. Could you please turn to what has been premarked for identification as "Exhibit 3".

WITNESS: Goulding]

- A Okay. I'm looking at that.
- Q Could you please explain what it is that

 Exhibit 3 shows, and how it ties back to the

 explanation you just provided on how the rates

 were calculated?
- A Okay. If we look at Exhibit 3, Page 1, and you go down to the "Total Retail" line, these are the individual components.
- Q Mr. Goulding, I'll stop you there. The pages aren't numbered. So, if you could please explain the header of each page so that everybody is on the same page.
- A Okay. So, if we look at Exhibit Number 3, the first page, which is "Impact on each change" -"of each change on bills including Energy
 Service", and we look at the "Total Retail"
 line, you'll see the different columns for the

different rate components that customers are charged. And if we look at "SCRC", this is for a customer taking Energy Service, their bill will go up "7.9 percent" due to the change in the SCRC rate. And then we go over to the "Energy Service" column, and you'll see their bill will go down by "17.2 percent. For a Total Delivery and Energy Service change of 9. — a decrease of "9.3 percent".

Turning to the next page of this exhibit, which is labeled "Impact of Each Change on Delivery Service Bills". This does not take into account on where your energy service is taken. So, a customer not taking Energy Service from the Company, their total retail rate, if you look down at the line called "Total Retail" rates, their SCRC rate will change by "20.3 percent" -- or, their, excuse me, delivery service portion of their bill will increase by 23 -- "20.3 percent" due to the change in the SCRC.

Now, turning to the third page, which is labeled "Reflecting Proposed Changes for Energy Service and SCRC Charges", "Calculation of

Monthly Bill by Rate Component". Line 1 and
Line 2 have the current rates for a residential
customer, and Line 3 and Line 4 have the
proposed rates for a residential customer. And
you'll see that the Column (3) three, there's a
difference in the SCRC rates for the changes
proposed today. And if you look at Column (6),
there's a change in the Energy Service rates,
from the current rate to the rate approved
April 1st.

Now, if I go down, there's a section labeled "Calculation of 550 kilowatt-hour monthly bill, by rate component"; a "Calculation of 600; a "Calculation of 650".

I'm going to focus on the middle section,
Line 13 to 20, which is the "Calculation of a 600 kilowatt monthly bill", which is our average residential customer in New Hampshire.

And if we go down to Line 16, currently, they're paying "29 cents" for Stranded Cost Recovery Charge; effective April 1st, that will be "\$11.25", for an increase of \$10.96, and an 8.9 percent change as a percent of the total bill.

36

[WITNESS: Goulding]

1 And the other rate that will change is the 2 Energy Service rate on Line 9. It will go from 3 "\$67.50", down to "\$47.42", for a decrease of "\$20.08", or a decrease of "16.2 percent" of 4 5 the total bill. 6 And overall, the customer will see their 7 total bill will go from "\$123.64" to "\$114.52", which is a decrease of "\$9.12", or a decrease 8 of their total bill of "7.4 percent". 9 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Just to be 11 clear, so the record is clear, I think you made 12 reference to "Line 9", and you meant to 13 reference "Line 19". 14 WITNESS GOULDING: Nineteen. 15 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: I may have 16 misheard you. But, just so the record is 17 clear, it's "Line 19"? 18

WITNESS GOULDING: I believe it

should have been "Line 19" -- it should be "19". My finger was over the one.

BY MR. FOSSUM:

19

20

21

22

23

24

All right. Mr. Goulding, now with an understanding of how the various cost components were accounted for and developed

into rates for this filing, I just have a

couple of questions about the customers'

payments. And just to reiterate, are the RRBs

actually being issued on April 1st?

They are not. It will likely be later. The

A They are not. It will likely be later. The filing assumes a May 1st issuance date.

- Q So, if the Company begins collecting on an SCRC rate including that estimated cost on

 April 1st, what happens with the money that would pay the RRBs?
- A The revenues that come in will be used to pay down the Part 2 costs until the RRBs are issued.
- Q And then, once the RRBs are issued, what will happen then? And I guess perhaps an example is helpful. If the RRBs were issued, say, May 3rd, what happens on May 4th?
- A From April 1st to May 3rd, the SCRC revenues
 will go to pay down Part 2 costs. On May 4th,
 the SCRC rate charged to customers will not
 change, but the assignment of the SCRC revenues
 by the Company, between the Part 1 and Part 2
 costs, will change to assure that Part 1 costs
 get all the revenue needed to pay the bonds

properly, and whatever is left will go to Part 2 costs. This needs to happen, because we need to cover the cost of the bonds immediately upon issuances. And then, 30 days after the allocation change, the Company will begin making daily remittances to the trust to cover the RRBs, and we'll continue with those remittances until the RRBs are paid off.

And when the SCRC is adjusted again, on August 1st, it should be with the full knowledge that the RRBs have been issued, therefore with information on their actual cost. To the extent any reconciliation needs to be done to address the estimate used for April 1st, it would be done at that time.

After that, the RRB charge will be

adjusted from time to time, and it will be included in the calculation of the SCRC when the adjusted -- when the SCRC is adjusted on February 1st and August 1st of each year.

And, Mr. Goulding, so, you said the Company will need to make an adjustment in its assignment of costs when those RRBs are issued. How will the Commission know about that?

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Α
         When the RRBs are issued, there will be a
         filing that does the calculation of the RRBs.
 2
 3
         And then we'll make a compliance schedule
         filing that updates the exhibit that is
 4
 5
         provided here, that just updates the actual RRB
 6
         rate that is to be charged to customers.
 7
              And the overall SCRC rate will not change
         at that time. It will just again be an
 8
9
         adjustment of the rates -- of the assignment of
10
         the rates.
11
         So, it's an internal adjustment by the Company,
12
         but customers' rates will not change?
13
         That's correct.
14
         I think just one final question. With this
15
         more complete picture of the costs and revenues
16
         in the Company's rate proposal, is it the
17
         Company's position that the SCRC rate as
18
         proposed in this filing is just and reasonable?
19
    Α
         Yes.
20
                   MR. FOSSUM: And thank you. That's
21
         my direct.
22
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Kreis.
23
                   MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
24
         Good morning, Mr. Goulding. I think I don't
```

want to touch too much of that, because I found
that whole colloquy to be very helpful and
lucid, in terms of helping me understand
exactly how all these moving parts are actually

40

CROSS-EXAMINATION

7 BY MR. KREIS:

moving.

5

6

8

9

10

- Q Mr. Goulding, what is the Company's current estimate of on what date the RRBs will be issued?
- 11 A It's still the beginning of May.
- 12 Q What accounts for the delay from April to May?
- 13 A We still haven't received our SEC approval.
- 14 | Q That's Securities & Exchange Commission, right?
- 15 A Yes. Not to be confused with the Site
- 16 Evaluation Committee.
- 17 Q But you feel you will have that on or about
 18 April -- or, May 1st?
- 19 A That's the expectation. It could obviously
 20 move off a couple weeks, but it's still
- 21 expected to be in the beginning of May.
- 22 Q And it looks like, overall, the effect of that
- financially on customers is there is no effect?
- 24 A Shifting the date?

1 Q Yes. 2 It has no real material impact on the rates, Α 3 because of the way the principal and interest are collected from customers. 4 5 Q And as a result of that, we are going to 6 overlook the fact that we're basically 7 adjusting the Stranded Cost Recovery Charge under the original plan, which assumed an 8 9 April 1st securitization date? 10 Yes. Consistent with kind of the language in 11 17-113, to make the change on April 1st. 12 Exactly. Are any of these costs reviewable for Q 13 prudence in the future? 14 Yes, they are. So, I think earlier I had spoke 15 about the approval of the securitization amount 16 in 17 -- in Docket Number 17-096. I believe 17 the order stated that the amount to be issued 18 would be subject to Staff audit, and any 19 recommended disallowance would be subject of 20 litigation, and the adjustment would occur as 21 Part 2 costs in the Stranded Cost Recovery 22 Charge in the future. 23 MR. KREIS: Super. Mr. Chairman, I

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think those -- those are all the questions I

24

[WITNESS: Goulding]

1 have. 2 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon. 3 MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Good morning 4 again. 5 WITNESS GOULDING: Good morning. 6 BY MS. AMIDON: 7 On a rough proportional basis, what portion of 8 the proposed SCRC is attributable to RRBs and what portion roughly is Part 2? 9 10 The RRBs are about two-thirds and the Part 2 is Α 11 about one-third, for a residential customer. 12 Okay. Q And it should be the same for the rest of the 13 14 customers. 15 Yes. I'm happy with the rough calculation. Q 16 Thank you. Exhibit 5, I believe, is the 17 response to Staff 003, is that right? 18 Α Yes. 19 Okay. And if you look at the attachment to Q 20 that, I have a question about the attachment. Not having participated in that prior docket, 21 22 are all these categories of costs those which 23 were described in was it 17-096? 24 Yes. Α

```
1
    Q
         My principal question is, what is -- what
 2
         constitutes Number 5, which says "Non-scrubber
         deferral"?
 3
 4
         That is the non-scrubber Energy Service
    Α
 5
         deferral.
 6
         And that's -- so, is that the one moved out of
 7
         this, into stranded costs Part 2?
    Α
               I think there was two things happening at
 8
         Yes.
9
         the same time. And it was determined, after
10
         this filing was made or during this filing,
11
         that those costs would be recovered as part of
12
         Part 2 costs and not securitized. And that
13
         went into the 17-113 Settlement Agreement.
14
         Okay. Thank you. I just wanted to be clear on
15
         that.
16
    Α
         So, just to add on, I don't want to keep going,
17
         but, when we do do the issuance for the
18
         securitization, that amount will not be
19
         included in the amount to be securitized.
20
         Otherwise, we would be double recovering.
21
         Thank you. And that was more or less where I
22
         was going with that. So, you read my mind.
23
              In your testimony, you went through and
24
         very helpfully explained the different
```

44

```
1
         categories, I believe it's on Page Bates 006 of
 2
         Exhibit 2, of the various categories of costs.
 3
         And what I wanted to understand is, under 16,
         "Other", are those the costs that were
 4
 5
         identified in the 2015 Settlement Agreement as
 6
         the non-securitized ongoing costs associated
 7
         with divestiture?
         Those would be those costs, yes.
 8
    Α
9
         And when you provide or populate these items,
    Q
10
         you will specify which -- you will characterize
11
         or describe what those costs are, is that
12
         right?
13
         Yes.
14
         And when do you expect that we will -- we will
15
         see that information? And do you expect that
16
         in the July filing -- no. What filing is it?
17
         Do you expect that for the rates effective
18
         August 1?
19
    Α
         There could be some for August 1, depending on
20
         the amount that's securitized. And then, if
21
         there's any kind of late settle -- or, late
22
         entries that come in. When I think about "late
23
         entries", I think about the ISO Settlement
24
         process. It kind of -- I think it has a
```

45

1 six-month reconciliation window. So, some of those costs might roll in after the 2 3 securitization. So, those potentially could be in there. But I would expect that we might 4 5 have more clarity for the February 1st rate 6 change. 7 Okay. Thank you. And as I understand it, the 0 8 Company has worked with the Director of the Consumer Services & External Affairs Division 9 10 here at the Commission on preparing customer communication information relative to this 11 12 change, is that right? 13 Yes. 14 Okay. And as I understand it, all of the 15 suggestions made by the Director have been 16 approved. Is that something you know? 17 They have all been accepted by the Company, Α 18 yes. 19 Q Okay. Thank you. And then, the last question 20 I have has to do with -- excuse me --21 Exhibit 7, which is related to the -- related 22 to the Burgess BioPower and the cumulative 23 reduction fund or accounting system. And if I 24 add what will be included in the current

```
1
         balance of negative $66 million, would you
 2
         agree, subject to check, that the total by the
 3
         end of December would be roughly $82.9 million?
    Α
         Yes.
 4
 5
         And that's being accumulated at a rate of 1.7
 6
         to $2 million a month, again, that's very --
 7
         that's a rough estimate. Is that fair to say?
         That's reasonable.
 8
    Α
         And, so, based on that, my expectation would
9
10
         be, and does the Company agree, that you're
11
         likely to reach that 100 million amount by the
12
         end of 2019?
         I guess I don't have knowledge of when they
13
14
         could hit it. If it continued at a run rate of
15
         roughly $1.6 million a month, that's a
16
         reasonable estimate. I just don't know what
17
         the forecast of prices are.
18
    Q
         And I think that's a reasonable answer.
19
    Α
         Okay.
20
         Thank you. Do you recall, in meeting with
21
         Staff, that we have asked that the Company
22
         consider including in its tariff the
23
         difference -- the component of the rate that
24
         constituted the Part 1 cost and the component
```

in the rate that constituted the Part 2 cost?

In other words, the total -- the total number,

not the different components, but the Part -
the SCRC consists of those two costs. And the

Staff thought it would be beneficial to

indicate in a tariff what the costs for Part 1

is opposed to Part 2. Because what we've seen

here, Part 1 costs will be relatively stable

going forward, and Part 2 costs appear to be

the one that is going to fluctuate more in the

future.

Is it possible that the Company can adopt that in the tariff?

- A I do recall the conversation. I think it would be probably helpful to meet with OCA and Staff to kind of determine what the needs are and what we're actually looking to get into the tariff. And I believe we could incorporate something in there that meets the needs and desires of the Staff and OCA.
- Q Great. And you recognize that the reason we asked for that is not so much to helpful us, but if a customer is looking for a breakout of those costs, they can find that information?

```
1
    Α
         Yes.
               I understand where your ask is coming
 2
         from.
 3
                   MS. AMIDON: Okay. Thank you.
                                                    And
         that's all we have. Thank you.
 4
 5
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
 6
         Bailey.
 7
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Good morning.
 8
                   WITNESS GOULDING: Good morning.
9
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
10
         Can you confirm for me that the numbers on
11
         Exhibit 5 we are not approving today?
12
         You are not approving the numbers on Exhibit 5
13
         today.
14
         Okay. And you said that these numbers would be
15
         subject to a Staff audit, and that any numbers
16
         in dispute from the audit would be litigated?
17
    Α
         That would be my understanding.
         Okay. Is it your understanding that the only
18
    Q
19
         findings that the Staff audit could make would
20
         be, you said something cost $100 million, and
21
         they looked at a receipt and it was
22
         $98 million? Or is -- are other issues at
23
         play, like whether you should have spent the
24
         $100 million in the first place?
```

49

```
1
    Α
         My understanding of what the audit would be is
         that it looks at the costs that were included
 2
 3
         to be securitized, and whether they should be
         included to have been securitized.
 4
 5
    Q
         Okay. So, whether they should have been
 6
         included -- oh. That doesn't answer my
 7
         question. Whether they were reasonable?
         There are probably some costs, depending on
 8
    Α
9
         what costs they're looking at, that that would
10
         be a determination that's made. But, in terms
11
         of the larger items, in terms of the
12
         investments over the years, we've had
13
         reconciliations that have approved those annual
14
         reconciliation amounts, annual spending amounts
15
         and investment amounts.
16
              So, I wouldn't expect it to be the plant
17
         investment itself, if that was what you're
18
         referring to, about being prudent or imprudent.
19
         Okay.
20
         I was just trying to get clarification on
21
         there's -- I can understand the items you're
22
         possibly referring to, maybe transaction costs,
23
         those ones I can see the Staff reviewing.
24
         Okay. Can you look at I think it's Exhibit 1,
    Q
```

[WITNESS: Goulding] 1 Bates Page 006. And you, in Line 13, describe a number of items that will be included in Part 2 3 And I don't know what they are. So, can 2. you tell me what "retained power entitlements" 4 5 means? 6 Those would be the Burgess and Lempster PPAs, I 7 believe, based on the wording of those. So, those are the contracts that got moved over, 8 9 from the Energy Service rate to the SCRC rate. 10 Because above it talks about the "IPPs", but 11 then the next section it talks about -- I think 12 it's another word for "Burgess and Lempster 13 PPAs". 14 Okay. What about "unsecuritized prudently 15 incurred decommissioning, environmental, or 16 other residual costs or liabilities"? Give me 17 some examples of those. 18 Α Sure. So, if I looked at something like 19 "environmental", if there was an amount to be 20 securitized, for instance, let's look at the Schiller Project, Mercury --21 22

[Court reporter interruption.]

CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:

23

24

-- Mercury Removal Project, there's an amount Α

WITNESS: Goulding] 1 that will be securitized. But, at the end of 2 the day, the actual amount will be what it will 3 be, and then it will trued up to the reconcile 4 -- or, to the amount that is securitized. 5 So, that's an item that would kind of flow 6 through there as a environmental or other 7 residual liability related to the generation facilities. 8 9 And that's going to be in Part 2, not Part 1, 10 mercury removal? 11 Well, Part 1 would include the funding for it. Α 12 But then when we -- we'll have a funding 13 estimate in there. But, at the end of the day, 14 when it's -- the project's completed, and the 15 total dollars are actually incurred, we'll 16 compare it versus the estimate that was 17 included in the amount to be securitized, and 18 then the difference would be refund it or 19 collect it through that kind of Part 2 cost, --20 Okay.

21 A -- to true up actuals to forecast.

22

23

24

Q Okay. And my memory from another docket is that the mercury removal was expected to cost around \$30 million. Is that your memory?

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Α
         I believe there was estimates in the 14-238 and
         16-817 docket of somewhere in that range.
 2
 3
         there was many contingencies around those
         estimates. I think a lot had to do with
 4
 5
         amounts of mercury and contamination that I
 6
         don't know about. But --
 7
         Do you know how much has been spent to date?
         I should. I pulled together the monthly status
 8
9
         report, but I don't recall. I think it might
10
         be somewhere around $16 million. But I could
11
         be wrong.
12
         Okay. So, it's under 30?
    Q
13
         Yes, at this time.
14
         All right. If it ends up under $30 million,
15
         and we've securitized the $30 million, then the
16
         over recovery in the stranded costs would be
17
         reconciled in the Part 2?
18
    Α
         That's correct.
19
         Okay. What's the "Northern Wood Power
    Q
20
         Project"?
21
         That's the Schiller Project. That was changed
22
         from, I'm going to say, coal to wood-burning.
23
         So, it's just -- it's the part of Schiller that
24
         burns wood. And it's eligible for RECs, or it
```

```
1
         sells RECs.
 2
    Q
         But that also got sold?
 3
    Α
         Yes.
 4
         Okay.
    Q
 5
         But there's going to be some RECs that are --
 6
         that we -- Eversource customers get to keep
 7
         that were generated during the month of
         ownership that we haven't received yet or
 8
9
         haven't sold yet. So, that's another type of
10
         item that would picked up through that kind of
         "other" line of Part 2 costs, that we'll do a
11
12
         true-up. We have an amount in there currently.
13
         But, once everything is finalized, we'll true
14
         up to the actual amount that the RECs were
15
         actually sold for.
16
    Q
         Okay. I understood your explanation about the
17
         difference between the preliminary filing and
18
         the updated filing, about the under recovery of
19
         PPA costs. But it seems like a large number in
20
         total. Why was the under recovery -- what's
21
         the reason for that amount of under recovery?
22
         You're referring to the non-scrubber under
23
         recovery?
24
         Well, you have -- let's look at your filing --
```

[WITNESS: Goulding]

the Exhibit 2. It's the sentence that 1 2 Mr. Fossum went through with you. 3 Α Okay. Okay. "Increase in Part 2 cost driven by an 4 Q increase in the actual and forecasted PPA 5 6 costs". That's different than the non-scrubber 7 energy service under recovery? Yes. 8 Α So, what caused that increase? 9 10 CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Which? 11 CMSR. BAILEY: The increase in the 12 actual and forecasted PPA costs. BY THE WITNESS: 13 14 We have pricing assumptions in there for RECs, 15 capacity and energy for the forecast period of 16 April to January. Those price assumptions have 17 changed. I'm guessing, based on prices 18 going -- or, the net costs going up, prices 19 must have decreased, because then we would 20 receive less energy revenues, or prices in RECs 21 might have decreased, and we would receive less 22 REC revenues to offset against the cost of the 23 energy and RECs.

24 BY CMSR. BAILEY:

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Q
         So, the difference between the PPA and the
 2
         actual costs -- market costs were greater than
 3
         you expected?
 4
         The new forecast has them greater than we
    Α
 5
         expected.
 6
         All right. Do you know what exhibit you showed
    Q
 7
         us the net cost of those IPPs and PPAs were?
         Well, Exhibit 7 has the Burgess only. Is that
 8
    Α
9
         the one you're referring to?
10
             It's Exhibit 2, Page 6. So, can you
    Q
11
         describe for me whether -- well, let me ask you
12
         this. Does Line 6, in the last column, "Total
13
         for the period ended January 31st, 2019",
14
         that's your prediction for how much the cost of
15
         that IPP will be over market value?
16
    Α
         Yes.
               Based on two months of actual information
17
         and eleven months of estimated information.
18
    Q
         All right. So, customers are paying almost
19
         $10 million over-market value for that IPP?
20
         For the existing IPPs, yes.
21
         And what are those existing IPPs?
22
         They're independent power producers that I
23
         believe are QFs that we have to take output
24
                Beyond that, my knowledge stops.
         from.
```

 $\{DE\ 18-023\}\ \{03-20-18\}$

```
1
        can -- yes. I'll stop there.
```

- 2 Q Okay. And likewise, the amount of money that
- 3 customers are paying above market for Burgess,
- 4 for basically a year, is \$20 million, rounded?
- 5 Yes. For the April to January period, yup.
- 6 Yes.
- 7 That doesn't even include the actuals from Oh.
- 8 January, February, and March?
- Right. Those were in the Energy Service under 9 Α
- 10 recovery.
- 11 Okay. So, it's more than \$20 million a year
- 12 that customers pay for Burgess over market?
- 13 That's what's forecasted, yes.
- 14 Okay. And for Lempster, it's \$600,000 over
- 15 market for three-quarters of the year?
- 16 Α Yes.
- 17 Okay. What would the interest rate have been,
- 18 if you were able to issue the RRBs on
- 19 April 1st, as you originally thought? Do you
- 20 know?
- 21 I don't.
- 22 Would it have been higher or lower than the one
- 23 that you think is going to happen in May?
- 24 I don't have any knowledge of what the rates Α

57 WITNESS: Goulding] 1 will be. In Exhibit 2, Bates Page 002, I find these 2 Q 3 numbers, the stranded cost numbers, cents per 4 kilowatt-hour really confusing. Because on 5 this page, it says, and I think you described 6 one difference as one number that I was look at 7 was an average and the other was an actual rate. The numbers on this page, on Page 2, are 8 9 the average? 10 Yes. These are the -- like, for Rate R, it's Α 11 the average for Rate R. But then there's 12 different services under Rate R. If you turn 13 to Bates Page 008, there's the "Residential

Rate"; there's "Residential Rate - Uncontrolled Water Heating"; "Residential Rate - Controlled Water Heating"; "Residential Rate LCS". I'm drawing a blank on the --

0 Okay. I get it. All right.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

They all started off at a different point. So, we basically proportionally adjusted the rates based on their starting point in the current They were not all the same. rates.

Okay. And how do those numbers compare to the Q numbers on Page 1 of this exhibit, proposed

```
1
         rates in cents per kilowatt-hour, which are a
 2
         tenth of a penny higher?
 3
    Α
         So, for a -- just a pure residential rate
         customer, they would pay 1.875 cents, including
 4
 5
         the RGGI adjustor, versus the average rate of
         1.862 cents.
 6
 7
         Go through that with me again.
 8
         Sure.
    Α
         I'm looking at -- I'm looking at the "Rate R",
9
    Q
10
         on Page 1, that says "1.967 cents".
11
         Okay. So, we'll look at it without the RGGI
    Α
12
         adder.
13
         Okay.
14
         On Bates Page 008, Column (5), it says
15
          "Excluding RGGI Adder", and that's the first
16
         line. Column (5) is a little confusing,
17
         because it says "(5) = (1) \times (2) ". It's --
18
                         [Court reporter interruption.]
19
    CONTINUED BY THE WITNESS:
20
         Bates Page 008, Column (5), there's the rate
21
         for Rate R, excluding RGGI adder, of "1.980"
22
         cents", versus the average rate -- residential
23
         customer SCRC rate of "1.967 cents".
24
    BY CMSR. BAILEY:
```

 $\{DE\ 18-023\}\ \{03-20-18\}$

```
1
    Q
         Okay.
                All right. Now, if you look at these
 2
         rates on Page 1, and you said that you
 3
         allocated the stranded costs among these
 4
         categories, why is the highest average rate in
 5
         the first section, which was your February 16th
 6
         filing, Rate R, and, in the updated filing, the
 7
         highest rate is Rate OL?
 8
         So, when -- for Rate OL, when we developed the
    Α
9
         RRB charge, we dropped off the month of April
10
         sales because of the issuance on May 1st. And
11
         proportionally, April sales for Rate OL are
12
         higher than their average for the month, so it
13
         put upward pressure on the rate.
14
         Higher -- say that again. Which is higher
15
         than?
16
    Α
         Their April sales are higher, because it's a
17
         winter month, so the lights are on more. So,
18
         we drop that sales number out of the
19
         denominator that's used to calculate the
20
         average RRB charge for Rate OL. So, it put
21
         upward pressure on the rate.
22
               Can you go to Exhibit 2, Bates Page 003.
23
         Okay. I'm there.
    Α
24
         Why is the number on Line 2, for Part 2
    Q
```

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
         stranded costs, so much higher in May than any
 2
         other month?
 3
    Α
         So, that's a product of the under recovery
         getting moved -- excuse me, the non-scrubber
 4
 5
         energy service under recovery being moved into
 6
         the SCRC. So, if we turn to Page 6 of the
 7
         filing, Bates Page 006, that's that line --
 8
         that's the amount on Line 15, which gets moved
         from Energy Service into the Stranded Cost
9
10
         Recovery Charge for recovery.
         And that includes all the information about the
11
    0
12
         overpayment for Burgess and Lempster and the
13
         IPPs?
14
         Yes.
15
         Can you look at Exhibit 6? I guess the third
16
         page, the spreadsheet that "Estimates the RRB
17
         Charges by Rate Assumed Issuance Date of
18
         May 1st".
19
    Α
         Okay.
20
         Are you there? Okay. On Line 9, you divide
21
         the total residential allocation of the
22
         stranded costs by sales. What sales?
23
         Are you -- you said "Line 9"?
24
         Yes.
```

```
1 A Customer sales.
```

- 2 Q Customer sales of what?
- 3 A It's the forecasted sales for the residential
- 4 customers for the period.
- 5 Q Of Energy Service? Of distribution?
- 6 A Distribution, because the RRB and the SCRC are
- 7 non-bypassable charges.
- 8 Q Okay. And what unit is that number in?
- 9 A That is megawatt-hours.
- 10 Q Okay. Thank you. Do you remember, in some of
- 11 the prior dockets that you've testified in,
- that the expected rate for Stranded Cost
- 13 Charges was going to be about a penny per
- 14 kilowatt-hour?
- 15 A I think in the 14-238 docket, there was an
- estimate that it was going to be, for a
- 17 residential customer, a little north of a
- penny.
- 19 Q Uh-huh. And right now, in the Energy Service
- 20 rate, we have 1.72 cents in the rate for the
- 21 scrubber, which we're taking out of that and
- 22 putting that cost into the stranded costs, and
- we're spreading it out over a much greater
- 24 number of customers.

WITNESS: Goulding]

1 Α Yes. And the rate's going to almost two cents? 2 Q 3 Α Yes. Why is that? I mean, can you explain how the 4 Q 5 prediction was so far off? 6 I think it's two separate questions. Because 7 the reason why it's not going from 1.72 cents down to half of that is because there's other 8 9 stranded costs besides just the costs related 10 to the scrubber. There's liabilities and fuel, 11 plant, all of that. So, all of those go into

the amount to be securitized. It's not just

the scrubber that's being securitized.

14 Fuel?

12

13

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

15 Yes. The fuel was sold, materials and supplies 16 were sold, all that's part of the transaction.

So, we're not paying for fuel, that's Q offsetting the costs that's getting

securitized, right?

Well, the Company bought those on behalf of customers. So, they were an asset on the books. So, when they get sold, we had to get reimbursed for them.

24 Q Okay.

[WITNESS: Goulding]

1 Α But getting back to the second question, I 2 think, well, what I'll call a second question 3 of "Why is it off?" There's many different 4 reasons. There's -- if you look at the 5 assumptions that went into the 14-238, there 6 was an assumption for a sales price that didn't 7 materialize. Sales price of what? 8 9 The sales price of the assets. Α 10 Q Oh. Okay. 11 So, I think that's going to be the biggest 12 driver of the variance between the current SCRC 13 rate and kind of what was predicted at that 14 time. 15 I also just want to point out that this 16 first year RRB charge, it definitely has some 17 upward pressure on it, because of the way it is 18 developed and kind of a mid-year issuance. You

first year RRB charge, it definitely has some upward pressure on it, because of the way it is developed and kind of a mid-year issuance. You should see the rate -- RRB rate go down over time -- go down from this level, and then start decreasing over time as the bonds are paid off. Well, the payments over the 14 years and 9

19

20

21

22

23

24

months that you talked about are going to be the same, right?

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1 A They are not going to be the same.
```

Q Okay. Explain that.

2

- 3 A And, so, they're a levelized principal payment,
- 4 it's not mortgage style. So, you pay the same
- 5 principal every 12 months. But, as your
- 6 principal gets knocked off, your amount of
- 7 interest gets decreased also. So, your total
- 8 principal and interest payment for each year
- 9 would go down over the 15 years.
- 10 Q Okay. So, you expect that the RRB charge will
- be reduced every year going forward?
- 12 A Subject to any kind of reconciliation or under
- recoveries, it should, in theory, go down, step
- down every single year.
- 15 | Q Okay. And are we collecting a year's worth of
- 16 expected costs in nine months, in this first
- 17 filing?
- 18 A For the RRB charge or for everything?
- 19 Q For everything.
- 20 A No.
- 21 Q Okay. Can you help me out with that? Is there
- 22 anything there?
- 23 A No. Because we're collecting everything over a
- 24 ten-month period, from April to -- April 1st to

```
January 31st. So, the denominator used for
 1
         sales is a annual number -- or, I mean a
 2
 3
         ten-month number. So, the rate is going to
 4
         match up with -- the rate and usage matches up
 5
         with the costs for that period.
         What's in the numerator?
 6
 7
         For the overall average SCRC rate, the
 8
         numerator is sales for the month of April
9
         through January.
10
         I'm talking about the costs. So, the costs
    Q
11
         that you need to collect --
12
         Excuse me.
    Α
13
         -- is that -- are those costs from April to
14
         January?
15
    Α
         Yes.
16
                   CMSR. BAILEY: Okay. All right.
17
         Thank you. That's all I have.
18
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Commissioner
19
         Giaimo.
20
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: Good morning, Mr.
         Goulding.
21
                   WITNESS GOULDING: Hello.
22
23
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: So, I apologize in
24
         advance if any of my questions are redundant.
```

```
1
         I'll do what I can to make sure that doesn't
 2
         happen.
    BY CMSR. GIAIMO:
 3
 4
    Q
         Let's start on Exhibit 2, Bates 006. I have a
 5
         couple of questions, and I want to make sure I
 6
         understand. Following up on Commissioner
 7
         Bailey's comments, making sure I understand
 8
         this right, I'm reading it right.
 9
              So, for a nine-month period, there are
10
         about $30 million of under recovery with
11
         respect to the IPP cost, the Burgess cost and
12
         the Lempster cost?
13
         That's correct.
14
         Okay.
15
         Excuse me, just want to correct that it's a
16
         ten-month period.
17
    Q
         Okay. Ten-month period. Can you briefly
18
         explain why, on lines -- on Line 14, we see
19
         what are parentheticals for negative, I'm
20
         assuming those are negative monthly numbers.
21
         So, in fact, there will be revenue associated
22
         with them coming in the door, is that correct?
23
               I believe the underlying assumption,
    Α
         Yes.
24
         based on the forecast, is that the energy
```

```
1
         prices exceed the contract energy price --
 2
         market energy prices exceed the contract energy
 3
         prices in the month of December and January.
 4
         Speaking of the prices that you forecasted, can
    Q
 5
         you touch on that? Is that somewhere in any of
 6
         these dockets -- in any of these documents?
 7
         it included in maybe Exhibit 8?
         If I can just revisit my last response, about
 8
    Α
9
         the energy being "under market in the month of
10
         December and January", the forecast shows that
11
         the Lempster PPA is -- the energy is under
12
         market in January, but slightly over in
13
         December, but then there is also RECs that
14
         contribute. So, it's the total package of RECs
15
         and energy that are under the contract price.
16
    Q
         Okay. So, my understanding was that the RECs,
17
         capacity payments, and other payments of that
18
         sort were included in Line 15. Am I wrong
19
         about that?
20
              The individual contracts for Burgess and
         Lempster effective April 1st, those are picked
21
22
         up in Line 9 and Line 13.
23
         Okay. So, back to my initial question with
    Q
24
         respect to what was used in your forecast with
```

```
1
         respect to energy costs?
 2
    Α
         For the update filing, it was based on
 3
         February 28 NYMEX prices.
         Was it a simple flat proxy price, do you know?
 4
    Q
 5
         Was it blended in any way? Was it --
 6
         I don't know. I think it does look at off-peak
 7
         and on-peak and blends it together.
 8
         Okay. That's helpful. I'm going to push your
    Q
         depth of knowledge, and you said you didn't
9
10
         want to do this, but I'll ask you anyway. The
11
         IPPs we're talking about here, and you said you
12
         believe they're QFs. I'll push you a little
13
         bit, and I think you can probably know this.
14
         Are we talking small hydro units and municipal
15
         combustion, that sort of --
16
    Α
         Yes.
17
         Okay. On Line 17 of the Bates 006, Exhibit 2,
18
         you talked a little bit about Payment In Lieu
19
         Of Taxes, and you said those lines will be
20
         populated going forward. Order of magnitude,
21
         back-of-the-envelope, based on prior PILOTS,
         are we talking significant amounts of money
22
23
         here?
24
         I can't say for certainty, but I know, if I
    Α
```

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
         recall the total amount that was recovered
 2
         through Energy Service rates in the past was
 3
         roughly 10 to $12 million a year. So, it
         obviously can't exceed that.
 4
 5
         Okay. That's helpful. Thanks. All right.
 6
         Now, moving to Exhibit 3, and these are not
 7
         Bates numbered, but I'm looking at the second
 8
               Are you there?
         page.
9
    Α
         Okay.
10
         Okay. So, this is "Total Delivery Service",
11
         it's not total bill, it's just the delivery
12
         service. Can you help me understand this? So,
         this is informative for customers -- for
13
14
         customers who are taking competitive energy
15
         service?
16
    Α
         Yes.
17
         Okay. So, if I was a residential customer who
18
         went to the market and got it through a
19
         competitive supplier, I will see my total
         delivery service rate go up 20 percent, more or
20
21
         less?
22
               The total delivery service portion of the
23
         bill will go up 20 percent.
24
         Okay. And on which line here would I see what
    Q
```

```
1
         the impact would be on a large C&I? Are any of
 2
         those rate categories?
 3
         It would probably be the "Rate LG".
    Α
 4
         So, competitive -- so, large C&I, do you know
    Q
 5
         what percentage of your large C&I have gone to
 6
         competitive energy suppliers? A lot? Are we
 7
         talking 90 percent?
 8
               I think we have about 100 and -- I'm
    Α
         Yes.
9
         going to call it 120 Rate LG customers. And I
10
         believe there might be ten that are still on
11
         Energy Service. So, over 90 percent.
12
         So, it sounds like, getting to Attorney
    Q
13
         Amidon's question, there were efforts made to
14
         put customers on notice of these increases?
15
    Α
         Yes. And there was some input into the
16
         Settlement Agreement in 14-238 that dealt with
17
         the rate allocations to the different rate
18
         classes to kind of address some of the concerns
19
         with the larger customers at that time.
20
                   CMSR. GIAIMO: Okay.
                                          Thank you.
21
         That's it.
22
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Goulding, I
23
         have just a couple things I want to ask you
24
         about.
```

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
BY CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG:
 1
         Exhibit 2, Page 3, and Exhibit 2, Page 6, both
 2
         have lines titled "Total Part 2 Costs", but the
 3
         numbers aren't identical on those two. And I'm
 4
 5
         sure there's an easy explanation why, and
         you'll be able to give it to me.
 6
 7
         So, we're looking at Line 2, Bates Page 003, of
    Α
 8
         Exhibit 2 and --
9
         Correct.
10
         -- Line 2, Bates Page 11, of Exhibit 1.
11
         Oh.
              That's where those numbers come from.
    0
12
         What happened then on Exhibit 2, Page 6,
13
         Line 18?
14
         Yes. So, in the initial filing, Bates Page
15
         014, the Line 15, all the way for the total, it
16
         wasn't carried over, the "19.727 million". So
17
         that it didn't do the calculation down for the
18
         total amount. If you look at Line 23, it says
         "29.48 million". That should be "29.48 million
19
20
         plus 19.727 million". And when you add those
21
         two together, it would get you back to the
22
         number of 50 -- "49.211 million" seen on Bates
23
         Page 011.
```

Bates Page 011 of Exhibit 1?

24

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
    Α
         Yes.
 2
         Okay. I'm feeling dense. How does that then
    Q
3
         translate to what happened in Exhibit 2,
         Page 5 -- I'm sorry, Page 6, Line 18? I know
 4
 5
         those are updated numbers. But I'm not sure
 6
         why, in Exhibit 2, the numbers don't carry from
 7
         Page 6 to Page 3?
 8
         It's the line -- it's the amount on Line 23
    Α
         that carries forward to -- the Line Number 23,
9
10
         on Bates Page 006, that carries forward to
11
         Line 2, on Bates Page 003.
12
              Okay. That explains it.
    Q
         Oh.
13
         So, it includes those miscellaneous little
14
         items.
15
         Thank you. I knew there was an easy answer.
    Q
16
         The other thing I want to ask you about is
17
         something that Ms. Amidon raised. Which is
18
         Exhibit 5, which is the three estimate range
19
         from Mr. Chung's testimony. And your testimony
20
         that you took the midpoint, some numbers went
21
         up and some numbers went down, but the 638
22
         midpoint number is still the right number.
                                                      Did
23
         I get that right?
24
               It's still a reasonable number.
    Α
         Yes.
```

73

```
1
    Q
         All right. One of the items that changed,
 2
         though, I think, is the 25 million that is
 3
         moving out of this column, the non-scrubber
         deferral, moving from securitized stranded
 4
 5
         costs to Part 2 stranded costs. So, why isn't
         the securitized number changing by that amount?
 6
 7
         Is it because other numbers have gone up, so
         that it doesn't make sense to make any change?
 8
               There's all the other numbers would go in
9
    Α
10
         different directions, so you'd have to update
11
         every number and try to go through what were
12
         the assumptions in there. So, we just chose to
13
         stick with this assumption for purposes of
14
         setting the rates.
15
         Your testimony is that there's enough movement
16
         in both directions that that fairly significant
17
         change, it becomes -- it gets washed out by the
18
         other changes?
19
    Α
         Yes.
20
                   CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Okay.
                                                That's
21
         all I wanted to ask you about.
22
                   Mr. Fossum, do you have any follow-up
23
         for Mr. Goulding?
24
                                       Just a couple, in
                   MR. FOSSUM: Yes.
```

[WITNESS: Goulding]

```
1
         the hopes of clarifying the record.
                     REDIRECT EXAMINATION
 2
    BY MR. FOSSUM:
 3
         Mr. Goulding, do you recall being asked by
 4
 5
         Commissioner Bailey about what costs were
 6
         subject to audit? Do you recall that question?
 7
    Α
         Yes.
 8
         Were you a participant in Docket 17-096?
9
    Α
         Yes.
10
         And did you provide discovery responses and
    Q
11
         exhibits as part of that docket?
12
         Yes, I did.
    Α
13
         Do you recall a discovery response that
14
         outlined or defined what costs are subject to
15
         audit following the securitization?
16
    Α
         Vaguely. I know there was a response filed,
17
         now that you're bringing it to my attention.
18
         But I don't recall the exact words of it.
19
         Subject to check, would "Exhibit 15", does that
    Q
20
         sound like it might be the exhibit that
21
         explains the costs that are auditable and --
22
         following securitization?
23
    Α
         Yes.
```

{DE 18-023} {03-20-18}

You were also asked a question by Commissioner

24

```
1
         Bailey about the reduction in the RRBs over
 2
         time. Do you recall that?
 3
    Α
         Yes.
         Do you recall also answering a question in
 4
    Q
 5
         Docket 17-096 that explained that issue?
 6
         Yes.
    Α
 7
         And subject to check, would Exhibit 14 in that
 8
         docket sound like where that information could
         be found?
9
10
         Yes.
    Α
11
                   MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. That's all I
12
         had for redirect.
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
13
14
         there's nothing else for Mr. Goulding, you can
15
         either stay where you are or return to your
16
         seat. It's up to you.
17
                    I assume there are no other
18
         witnesses, correct?
19
                    MR. FOSSUM: Correct.
20
                    CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
21
         Without objection, we'll strike ID on
22
         Exhibits 1 through 8.
23
                    Is there anything else we need to do
24
         before we allow the parties to sum up?
```

1	[No verbal response.]
2	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right.
3	Seeing nothing. Mr. Kreis, why don't you start
4	us off.
5	MR. KREIS: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
6	And thank you, Mr. Goulding, and thank you,
7	fellow attorneys and Commissioners for
8	exploring this question so thoroughly. I think
9	that they made clear that the proposed
10	revisions to the Stranded Cost Recovery Charge
11	are just and reasonable and prove out
12	mathematically, in light of the Commission's
13	previous determinations, including the
14	Settlement Agreement in Docket 14-238.
15	And therefore, the OCA recommends
16	that the Commission approve the Company's
17	filing as it has been recently updated.
18	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Ms. Amidon.
19	MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Staff
20	thoroughly reviewed the filing. And we believe
21	that the Company appropriately calculated the
22	estimate of the costs for the period from
23	April 1 through January 31st.
24	Having said that, we understand it's

an estimate, and the actual costs will come in later, and those amounts will be subject to reconciliation.

In addition, we understand that once those Part 2 costs identified in the exhibit called "other" will also be subject to audit for accuracy and prudence, as the Settlement Agreement -- the 2015 Settlement Agreement says "prudently incurred costs".

We believe that the resulting rates are just and reasonable, subject to the reconciliation and audit, as presented in the March 14th update.

And we look forward to talking with the Company about our interest in getting the tariff to include additional information about the relative Part 1/Part 2 costs in the SCRC.

Thank you.

CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Mr. Fossum.

MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. And I'll begin by saying I appreciate the comments of the Staff and the OCA and their positions on this. The Company also submits that its filing provides just and reasonable rates and requests

that it be approved.

That said, and as evidenced by what Mr. Goulding has gone through this morning, we understand that there was some confusion with our filing. We understand that there are things that we can improve upon. We've already committed, as part of our Energy Service submissions, to work with the Staff and the OCA, to make sure that those filings are complete and accurate, not that we previously didn't want them to be complete and accurate, so that their review is not hampered or made more difficult than it needs to be. So, we are committed to adding work on the SCRC filings to make sure that they bear out all the appropriate information in the appropriate way.

Likewise, as Mr. Goulding has

testified, we're prepared to work with the

Staff and the OCA to understand what it is they

believe needs to be in the tariff and what's

the most appropriate way to make sure that it

appears there to provide the most useful

information to customers, the Commission, or

others.

1	So, with that, I would ask that the
2	rates, as the Company has proposed them in its
3	updated filing, be approved. And, well, that's
4	what I'm asking for, that they be approved as
5	filed.
6	Thank you.
7	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: Thank you,
8	Mr. Fossum. Thank you for the comments you
9	made in your closing there.
10	Rates to be effective for April 1,
11	correct?
12	MR. FOSSUM: Correct.
13	CHAIRMAN HONIGBERG: All right. So,
14	we will take the matter under advisement and
15	issue an order as quickly as we can.
16	And before we leave, I will thank
17	Mr. Goulding for his explanations today, and
18	what I understand were helpful explanations to
19	Staff and the OCA in advance of this hearing.
20	So, with that, we'll close the
21	hearing.
22	(Whereupon the hearing was
23	adjourned at 11:50 a.m.)
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